Why Violence?

Why Violence?

Leading Questions Regarding the Conceptualization and Reality of Violence in Society

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Preface

Why Violence? Leading Questions Regarding the Conceptualization and Reality of Violence in Society presents a comprehensive discussion of violence that is organized around overarching questions that have perplexed human beings since time immemorial. The book begins with the question of what is the meaning of violence. The relative ubiquity and ambiguity of the term has made it difficult to find a definition of violence that captures its complexity and often contradictory forms of expressions. Violence refers to various acts such as homicide, rape, robbery, and assault as well as collective violence, war, and terrorism; it may be found in our homes, workplaces, schools, places of worship, and communities both locally and globally. In everyday life the concept of violence seems to draw its significance more from the ways it is used to label certain types of behavior and certain types of people or countries than from the ways it is applied to describe concrete phenomenon. As a consequence, the concept is typically used as a pejorative or negative "summary symbol" serving mainly as an emotional intensifier, which creates mistrust or fear of others. Through its ubiquitous and ambiguous application, violence has become the quintessential metaphor that we all live by; it is symbolically ingrained in our language, thinking, and behavior. Due to its lack of specificity and function as a symbolic intensifier, it has lent itself to being politically exploited. As a result of the challenges associated with violence, its study calls for a very cautious and critical approach.

Why Violence? explores the many manifest ways in which violence is understood in contemporary society, ranging from popular perceptions to scientific claims. It covers age-long questions such as why some human beings, under certain circumstances, react in violent or aggressive ways and others do not and why some social forces/institutions tend to encourage or exacerbate violence and others do not. The book also treats questions that have not conventionally been associated with violence such as: why are acts of social injustice, environmental degradation, and gross abuse of power not considered acts of violence per se? In this sense, the book serves to fill a gap in the literature by raising not only the enduring questions of violence, but also new questions about the conceptualization and reality of violence. For example, should the recent financial crisis stemming from mass fraudulent acts that have adversely affected the lives of millions of people be considered acts of violence? Should homeless populations be considered victims of violence? Should unchecked and blatant air and water pollution be considered forms of violence? Unlike many books on violence that focus on narrow depictions of certain types of perpetrators, this book widens the list of potential perpetrators and includes consideration of a broad spectrum of victims of violence.

In addressing the leading questions about violence, the book introduces readers not only to the complexities associated with violence and violence studies, but also to state-of-the-art thinking and associated research/knowledge-base on violence. It provides a critical analysis of the interplay between popular questions of why there is a "disconnect" between the public's understanding of violence, including official responses to violence

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and scientific evidence. The most current theories and research evidence from the biological, psychological, sociological, and criminological viewpoints are presented and critically considered with respect to their relative strengths and weaknesses and potential for finding solutions to the problem of violence. The book begins with the question *Why Violence?* and ends with the question *Why not peace?*

A companion reader to the book, *Violence: Do We Know It When We See It?* (Harper, Voigt, and Thornton, 2012), comprised of original works from leading experts on violence from around the world, addresses a wide spectrum of interpersonal, institutional, and structural forms of violence and serves to illustrate key elements of this book. Together, *Why Violence?* and its companion reader explore multiple socially manifest and latent expressions of violence, including the symbolic ways in which violence is understood in contemporary society. The books cover topics ranging from common parlance, everyday perceptions and myths to governmental proclamations and scientific claims.

Special thanks must be expressed to Leo Barrile and Rae Taylor, who have contributed to the chapters in this book that deal with corporate violence and violent victimization, respectively. We would also like to thank our many colleagues who have written on the topic of violence over the years and have inspired us in ways that would be difficult to enumerate in a few words. Finally, we would like to extend our appreciation to everyone at Carolina Academic Press for their support on this project.