Russia and the Relationship Between Law and Power

James P. Terry



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Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Terry, James P. (James Philip) author.

Russia and the relationship between law and power / James P. Terry. pages cm.

Includes bibliographical references and index.

ISBN 978-1-61163-595-9 (alk. paper)

1. Intervention (International law) 2. Former communist countries--International status. 3. International law--Russia (Federation) 4. International law--Soviet Union. 5. Russia (Federation)--Foreign relations. 6. Soviet Union--Foreign relations. I. Title.

KZ6368.T47 2014 341.5'840947--dc23

2014011476

CAROLINA ACADEMIC PRESS 700 Kent Street Durham, North Carolina 27701 Telephone (919) 489-7486 Fax (919) 493-5668 www.cap-press.com

Printed in the United States of America



Table of Contents

Foreword	xi
Preface	xiii
About the Author	XV
I · Introduction: Understanding the Significance Moscow Places on the Role of Law	3
II · Hungary 1956: "Fraternal Assistance" Unmasked	7
A. The Soviet Decision-Making Process in HungaryB. Establishment of a Post-World War II Security Perimeter	7
Around the U.S.S.R.	8
C. The Seeds of Conflict	10
D. The Invasion	19
E. The Soviet Rationale	21
F. The Core International Law Issues in Hungary	24
G. Debunking the Legal Basis for Soviet Presence on	
Hungarian Soil	25
H. Absence of Legal Authority to Intervene under the	
Warsaw Pact	27
I. Legality Under the United Nations Charter	28
J. Validity of the Kadar Request for Assistance	31
K. Compliance with the Bandung Declaration of 1955	32
L. Role of Nationalism as an Indicator of Future Intervention	
Within the Collective	32
M. The Role of Western Response in Soviet Decision-Making	34
III · Czechoslovakia 1968: The Law of Coexistence in Conflict	
with Contemporary International Law	37
A. The Soviet Formulation of the Law of Coexistence	37
B. The Catalyst of Intervention: Domestic Ferment	38
C. Developing Concern in the Warsaw Pact	41
D. The Interventionists Versus the Non-Interventionists	44

Ε.	The Decision to Intervene	48
F.	The Intervention	52
G.	. The Soviet Rationale	56
Н	. Soviet Legal Justification and Socialist International Law	57
	Socialist Internationalism Applied to the Intervention in	
	Czechoslovakia	64
J.	The Brezhnev Doctrine in the Context of Contemporary	
	International Law	69
K.	. Soviet Claims Under the Law of Self-Defense	72
L.	Regional Arrangements	74
M	. Assessing the Costs of Intervention	76
ıv ·	Afghanistan 1979: The Brezhnev Doctrine Extended	
	Beyond the Warsaw Pact	79
	. Introduction	79
	Strategic Location and People	81
	. The Soviet Rationale for Intervention	84
	. The U.S. Response	87
E.	Soviet Legal Claims	89
F.	Analysis of U.S. Actions Under the Law of Armed Conflict	94
	Poland 1981: Soviet Intervention "By Proxy"	101
	. The Historical Record	102
	The Gomulka Years	104
	. Years of Crisis: 1968–1971	107
	. Decline of the Gierek Economic Model	108
	The 1980 Labor Unrest	110
	The Soviet Role	112
G.	. Soviets in Violation of Their Commitment to	
	Self-Determination	115
	. Poland and the Right of Self-Determination	119
I.	Western Response to Soviet Violations in Poland	121
	Lithuania 1991: Intervention Gives Way to Independence	125
	. Subjugation of Lithuania in Historical Context	126
	Right of Self-Determination Applied to Lithuania	128
	. United States Support for Lithuania	130
D.	. Soviet Commitments at Helsinki Affecting Lithuania	132
E.	Lithuania in Perspective	134

TA	RI	F	OF	CC	N	LEV	VΊ	79

ix

VII · The Chechen Crises 1994 and 1999				
A. The Seeds of the Crisis with Grozny	137			
B. The 1994 Russian Attack on Chechnya	141			
C. The 1999 Chechen Crisis	144			
D. The Rule of Law Trampled	145			
E. United States and Western Inaction	148			
F. The Chechen Crisis in Perspective	149			
VIII · Crisis in the Caucasus: Georgia and South Ossetia	153			
A. The Seeds of Conflict	154			
B. The Russian Perspective	154			
C. The U.S. Posture	156			
D. The Road Ahead	158			
IX · Observations and Conclusions: Moscow's Approach to				
International Law Commitments	161			
Index	167			

Foreword

By John Norton Moore

This is a remarkable book by the foremost expert on Soviet and Russian uses of force since Yalta. Dr. James P. Terry is not only one of the top authorities in the world in the international law of the use of force, but he has both solid academic credentials to write on Soviet and Russian uses of force as well as uniquely relevant high level government service focused on those issues. Thus, James wrote his SJD (doctor of jurisprudence) dissertation on "Soviet Intervention: The Relationship Between Law and Power," and in government service he was the Legal Counsel to the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff; Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary of State, Bureau of Legislative Affairs; and co-chair of the United States negotiating team which negotiated the Implementing Protocols to the Dangerous Military Activities Agreement the United States had negotiated with Russia, among other very senior assignments.

There is simply no source where one can find the rich detail of Soviet/Russian actions on the use of force as set forth in this book from roughly 1956 through the Crisis in the Caucasus of 2008. Evident in the discussion of each Soviet/Russian action is the deft scholarship, attention to detail, the expertise in relevant law, the intimate knowledge of Soviet and now Russian ideology and the understanding of the international context of the actions which only someone of James Terry's unique background could put together.

This is not a quick survey of Soviet/Russian uses of force, but rather an extraordinarily deep presentation and analysis of each. This important book also has crucial insights into the future of United States/Russian foreign relations. It is a must-read for those focused on international relations.

The world breathed a sigh of relief when the Cold War ended in 1990. The United States extended a hand of friendship toward the Russian people and the world was hopeful of a democratic transition that would liberate the great genius of the people. While Russia today is far removed from the regimes of Lenin and Stalin, it sadly has been sliding toward a closely

xii FOREWORD

managed oligarchy. Unfortunately, human rights in Russia have also gone seriously downhill in recent years.

The United States engaged too little in assisting the Russian democratic transition after 1990. The challenge now is to engage more effectively while building a solid foreign policy relationship and encouraging Russian leadership toward the rule of law both at home and abroad. This book is an important starting point for such an effort.

John Norton Moore is the Walter L. Brown Professor of Law, University of Virginia; Director, Center for National Security Law; First Chairman, U.S. Institute of Peace; and Co-Chairman (with the Deputy Attorney General of the United States) of the United States-U.S.S.R. talks on the Rule of Law (Moscow and Leningrad Seminars March 1990).

Preface

Russia is an enigma. This vast land of 42 ethnic and sub-ethnic groups is the historic home of the Czars, the Bolsheviks, the Communists under Lenin and his successors, and finally today a self-proclaimed democracy. In reality, present Russia is a closely managed oligarchy intent on returning the nation to economic and military world power status.

This study focuses on the post-Yalta Soviet Union, and Russia today, which has been unafraid to work its military and political will on the nations of Eastern Europe that survived after World War II. The events in East Germany and Poland in 1953 and 1956, respectively, are carefully dissected, as are the intervention in Hungary in 1956, and then Czechoslovakia in 1968, under Article V of the Warsaw Pact.

The invasion of Afghanistan in 1979 was outside the parameters of the Warsaw Pact but well within the Soviet sphere of influence as it ensured security on its southern flank. In Poland in 1981–1982, the pressure exerted on the Poles was designed by the Soviets to ensure the continued flow of economic and manufactured goods into the Communist distribution system. After President Reagan's election in the U.S. in 1980, the economic pressures exerted on Russia, coupled with the failure of the Soviet economic system, led to serious unrest in many of the Bloc nations. When the Soviet Union dissolved in 1990, and Eastern European nations became truly independent, economic development in these nations began to flourish.

The events in Georgia in 2008, however, made all Western States, as well as those nations proximate to Russia, realize that Moscow's agenda had not changed. When Abkazia and South Ossetia within Georgia were annexed by Russia during unrest there, and when pressures on Ukraine were increased, especially in the Crimea, we all came to recognize that, under President Putin, the coming years will likely raise serious economic and military concerns.

About the Author

James P. Terry is Senior Fellow at the Center for National Security Law in Charlottesville, Virginia. He received undergraduate and graduate degrees from the University of Virginia, a law degree from Mercer University, and the Master of Laws and Doctor of Juridical Science degrees from The George Washington University in international law. Prior to his Senate confirmation as Chairman, Board of Veterans' Appeals, on July 29, 2005, for a six-year term, he served as Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary and Deputy Assistant Secretary of State. Before joining the State Department under Secretary Powell, Mr. Terry served in the Interior Department, first as the Deputy Director of the Office of Hearings and Appeals with responsibility for managing the Administrative Law Judge system within the Department and then as a Judge on the Board of Land Appeals. Mr. Terry's distinguished military career as both a Marine Corps Judge Advocate and infantry officer spanned 27 years, which included a four-year tour as Legal Counsel to the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff under General Colin Powell and General John Shalikashvili. He is the author of more than 45 articles on coercion control and national security law. His volume addressing contemporary issues in the law of armed conflict, The Regulation of International Coercion, was published by the Naval War College Press in 2005. Other published works by Mr. Terry include The Iranian Hostage Crisis, The War on Terror: THE LEGAL DIMENSION, and THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF (Forthcoming). Mr. Terry resides in Annandale, Virginia, with his wife, Michelle.